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ETHIOPIA

MENGISTU LEAVES FOR OFFICIAL VISIT TO CUBA

LD210615Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 0400 GMT 21 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Comrade Mengistu Haile Mariam, chairman of the PMAC and Council of Ministers, following an invitation from Comrade Fidel Castro, secretary general of the Cuban Communist Party and president of the Council of State and Council of Ministers, left for Havana last night on an official friendly visit.

The comrade chairman was seen off at the airport by Comrade Fikre Selassie Wogderes, secretary general of the PMAC, and other PMAC officials. In a predeparture press statement at Bole International Airport on the purpose of his visit, Comrade Lt Col Mengistu Haile Mariam said that even before accepting the Cuban Communist Party's invitation, he had wanbed to express his eternal gratitude for Cuba's commitment to the Ethiopian revolution.

The comrade chairman, on his own behalf and on behalf of his delegation, expressed his pleasure at being invited to pay a friendly official visit to Cuba. Comrade Lt Col Mengistu Haile Mariam went on to say that at a time when international imperialism, in collaboration with neighboring reactionary forces and internal class enemies opposed to Ethiopia's genuine aim of building a free and strong society, were in confrontation with Ethiopia on all sides, Cuba's alliance with the Ethiopian broad masses, which extended even to the war front, would never be forgotten by this generation and the next.

The comrade chairman said that the main aim of his visit is to express eternal gratitude and convey the friendly feelings of the Ethiopian masses and himself. He added that the visit will also give him the opportunity of explaining that the struggle against international imperialism and reaction is a struggle between the oppressed masses of the world and the oppressors. Comrade Lt Col Mengistu Haile Mariam pointed out that during his stay in Cuba, he will have talks with the country's leaders on the strengthening of relations between the two socialist countries and on significant international issues.

Those accompanying Lt Col Mengistu Haile Mariam are: Comrade Lt Col Tesfaye Gebre Kidan, PMAC standing committee member in charge of PMAC defense affairs; Comrade Maj Endale Tesema, PMAC standing committee member in charge of social affairs; Comrade 2d Lt Tamerat Ferede, PMAC standing committee member in charge of information and public relations; Comrade 2d Lt Mengistu Gemechu, PMAC Central Committee member; Comrade Lt Tesema Belay, PMAC member; Dr Tefera Wonde, minister of health; Dr Col Feleke Gedle Giorgis, foreign minister; Ato Getachew Kibret, political adviser in the office of the chairman; and Ato Tesfaye Mekonned, secretary general of the Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs.

The comrade chairman was also seen off at Bole International Airport by ministers, permanent secretaries, commissioners, high-ranking army officers and other officials, members of the diplomatic corps and representatives of international organizations. Comrade Lt Col Mengistu Haile Mariam inspected an honor guard before his departure.

18 FINED FOR GIVING FOOD TO SOMALI TROOPS

LD202034Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1900 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Some 18 persons who had been caught supplying food to antipeople and antirevolutionary bandits in the (Sinana) subdistrict of the Bale Region have been found guilty and fined 3,006 birr by the Council of Justice of the subdistrict farmers' association. It is reported that these 18 persons were caught red-handed by members of the subdistrict farmers' association, administration and police force while attempting to supply food and various items to infiltrators and regular Somali troops.

TEACHERS, STUDENTS MAKE PUBLIC APOLOGY, ARE REHABILITATED

LD202048Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1700 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Yesterday marked the end of a 5-day seminar organized at the Atse Yohanis Secondary School in Mekele town by members of the region's Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs to raise the political awareness of over 800 teachers and students who had defected and who had subsequently repented.

At the seminar's closing session, 96 individuals who had been found to be members of the Ethiopian Democratic Union, Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Party, and narrow nationalist and secessionist groups apologized to the people for their misdeeds.

About 800 teachers and students who had embraced unscientific propaganda of antirevolutionary and antipeople groups due to the low level of political awareness, condemned their former groups and promised that they would do everything for the revolution by joining hands with genuine revolutionaries.

The chairman of the assembly of the region's Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs briefed the seminar participants on the objective reality in the country and on the activities of reactionaries and antirevolutionaries, who are the henchmen of international imperialism. He pointed out that since reactionary groups would spare no effort to use young people for their power struggle, to commit antirevolutionary acts and become alienated from the revolution of the broad masses, youth should be vigilant and mindful of the evils of society.

After the seminar, the young people marched through the streets of Mekele singing songs.

STUDENTS DEMAND KEY ROLE IN FIGHT AGAINST EPRP

LD201940Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1030 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Some 450 students from 14 state-owned Addis Ababa high schools have demanded that democratic discussions, independent of the reactionary bureaucracy and to be attended by cadres, be held at their schools fortnightly to facilitate a raising of the level of the young students' political awareness and an intensification of the class struggle along the only correct line--that of Marxist-Leninist ideology.

Avoiding the revisionist and opportunist traps set by the petty bourgeoisie and in an effort to make a genuine and substantial contribution toward the revolution, in line with the policy they have been pursuing since the inception of the revolution, the young students made their demand in a statement and resolutions issued after a 4-day seminar organized by the Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs for Addis Ababa and its surrounding area.

The resolutions:

1. Democratic discussions, free from bureaucracy and attended by cadres from the Provisional Office for Mass Organizational Affairs, should be held every week or 2 weeks in our schools to raise the political awareness of young students and to intensify the struggle. This can be done by taking a better defined stand on the revisionist and opportunist attitudes of the petty bourgeoisie on the various questions that may crop up from time to time during the course of the revolution and by pursuing a Marxist-Leninist policy.

2. Genuine revolutionary young students should be permitted to fight in the peoples' national war alongside the regular and militia forces presently serving on all the war-fronts.

3. Since a threat is posed to our revolution by the adventurous and [words indistinct] role played by former Ethiopian Peoples' Revolutionary Party members, who have usurped the position of genuine militant youths and who have even infiltrated every school and urban dwellers association, taking up arms there, we demand that the struggle in the schools and urban dwellers associations be directed by the genuine revolutionary youths who have been fighting against the (?antipeople) forces: We also demand that the Ethiopian Peoples Revolutionary Party infiltrators be (?disarmed).

4. Ways should be found immediately for genuine revolutionaries who have adopted the triple stand [against imperialism, feudalism and bureaucratic capitalism] to take control of the leadership of youth associations, schools and the university at national level.

5. (?Operations) should continue against the antipeople Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Party operators--both teachers and students--who have infiltrated the university and all schools.

6. Urgent steps should be taken against all individuals who infiltrate the organizations. If it is not cautious over its recruitment of members, Union of Ethiopian Marxist-Leninist Organization [UEMLO] might be weakened, since counterrevolutionaries are seeking refuge in the organizations, at this time in particular.

7. Since it is only through the strengthening of the UEMLO that a workers' party can be formed in Ethiopia and that our revolution can obtain the proletarian leadership that it has so far lacked, we shall wage the necessary struggle in our schools to strengthen UEMLO.

8. Condemning the style of the struggle and rightist line pursued by All-Ethiopia Socialist Movement Right Wing [MEISONS] we shall strive to (?weed out) the genuine individuals in the intensified [words indistinct] struggle in all organizations in accordance with UEMLO's stance.

9. [Sentence indistinct] A revolutionary struggle forum should be organized for us.

10. Genuine youths will integrate with the broad masses. Imperialism, feudalism and bureaucratic capitalism will be crushed. The Ethiopian Democratic Union, the Ethiopian Peoples' Revolutionary Party and the Eritrean secessionists will be crushed. We shall crush MEISONS rightists. A workers' party will be formed through the strengthening, by struggle of UEMLO. Let us strive to form young peoples' associations. The politicized, organized and armed uprising of the peoples will succeed.

SOMALIA

SUDANESE MINISTER DENG ARRIVES IN MOGADISCIO

LD201524Y Mogadiscio Domestic Service in Somali 1115 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Francis Deng, Sudanese minister of state for foreign affairs, arrived in the Somali Democratic Republic [SDR] today for a visit. Deng told Ministry of Information reporters at the airport that he will convey a message from Sudanese President Ja'far Numayri to Somali President Challe Mohamed Siad Barre. Francis Deng added that he is pleased to visit Somalia again and meet Somali leaders who, he said, are his brothers. Deng conveyed greetings from the government and people of Sudan to the government and people of Somalia and congratulated the Somali people on their victory over the recent abortive coup attempted by a small group who were agents of foreign powers.

The Sudanese minister was met at the airport by Abdisalam Sheikh Hussein, minister for information and national guidance, and other leaders.

UGANDA

COOPERATION ACCORDS TO BE CONCLUDED WITH SOUTH KOREA

SK190242Y Seoul HAPTONG in English 0233 GMT 19 Apr 78 SK

[Text] Seoul, April 19 (HAPTONG)--South Korea and Uganda today agreed to conclude trade and economic and technological cooperation agreements at the earliest possible date.

This was contained in a joint communique issued today at the close of a meeting here between Korean Commerce Industry Minister Choe Kak-kyu and Brig Gen D. Sabuni, visiting commerce industry minister of Uganda.

The two ministers reviewed ways and means of promoting trade and technical cooperation between the two countries and agreed to expand mutual cooperation on a reciprocal basis, the joint statement said.

Minister Sabuni expressed the hope that Korean enterprises will take part in cement, fiber, shipbuilding, hydraulic power generation, water-supply systems and other key projects envisaged in Uganda's on-going three-year economic development plan, it said.

Minister Sabuni also called on the Korean Government to provide Uganda with technical and medical (?aid), it said.

GHANA

FURTHER REPORTAGE ON GOVERNMENT STATEMENT ON MASS ARRESTS

LD201740Y Accra GNA in English 1555 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD

[Text] Accra, April 20, GNA--The Ghanaian Government yesterday gave a detailed account of the circumstances leading to the arrest and detention of opponents of its "union government" concept after the recent referendum.

In a statement here yesterday, the government accused the leadership of the banned People's Movement for Freedom and Justice (PMFJ) of hatching a plot to cause civil disorder in the country.

The plot, it said, included the recruiting and training of thugs in the handling of grenades and other lethal weapons, the kidnappings of members of the government and their families as well as close associates and the writing and distributing of seditious literature for an uprising against the government.

The statement said 35 persons directly linked with the plot had been arrested while others were at large.

But in a legislative instrument published early last week, the government said [word indistinct] had been arrested and detained "in the interest of national security."

The statement said before the referendum of March 30, the attention of the security agencies in the country was drawn to various plans by forces hostile to the government, including the leadership of the PMFJ, to interfere with electoral processes and create disorder in the country in the last resort.

In addition, the PMFJ had set up committees to co-ordinate a programme to foment civil disorder and paralyse the country's economy. The statement further said the programme included the inducement of workers in some sensitive establishments to withdraw their services and the purchasing for destruction of basic commodities brought into the country by the government and thereby create further shortages.

"In order not to disrupt the referendum, the government refrained from taking any firm action but maintained the appropriate vigilance over them," the statement said.

The government had hoped that the result of the referendum would persuade them to abandon their "illegal plans" and to create conditions for national reconciliation in the transition to constitutional rule. The statement further said even though the result showed a clear majority in favour of union government, the leadership of the PMFJ interpreted it as providing support for them to proceed with their campaign of violence, kidnappings and assassinations.

"In the face of the threat to public order and the overwhelming evidence of preparations to subvert the government, the Supreme Military Council had no choice but to order the immediate arrest of persons known to be associated with the plots."

The government assured the nation and the international community that it had great respect for the principles of human rights and "will not arrest anyone on account of his political views."

"But the respect for human rights cannot be carried to the point of a government abdicating its responsibility for the maintenance of law and order and the protection of the life and property of the citizens," the statement added.

ANGOLA

LUANDA REPORTS NETO'S MESSAGE TO FIDEL CASTRO

LD201150Y Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 1200 GMT 19 Apr 78 LD

[Text] Comrade Agostinho Neto, the president of the MPLA-Labor Party and of the PRA, yesterday sent Comrade Fidel Castro, first secretary of the Cuban Communist Party and president of the Council of State and of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Cuba, the following message:

At this historic moment when we observe the 17th anniversary of the defeat of imperialism at Playa Giron, in the first free territory of America, [word indistinct] the world political situation is characterized by an irreconcilable contradiction between forces fighting for their liberation and voracious imperialism, we express our revolutionary homage to the Cuban fighters who have fallen since Sierra Maestra to Playa Giron and in Angola. We pay our militant homage to the heroes who have fallen for the cause of socialism and progress so that mankind might exist in peace.

There exist between the Angolan and Cuban peoples historic ties which have developed through (?relations) of logical consciousness. [sentence as heard] It is normal that these ties should grow deeper [word indistinct] Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, which constitute the sole banner of the unity of peoples [words indistinct] and this resolve [word indistinct] imperialism, which exploits, slanders and [words indistinct]. It could not have been otherwise.

Today we wish to affirm on behalf of the Angolan people, the MPLA-Labor Party and the PRA Government and on my own behalf, that the struggle will continue until the complete liquidation of the last vestiges of [word indistinct] and until socialism and peace are achieved. Comrade Fidel Castro, first secretary of the Cuban Communist Party, president of the Council of State and Council of Ministers of the Republic of Cuba, please accept militant greetings and wishes of esteem and fraternal consideration.

The struggle continues! Victory is certain! Fatherland or death! We shall win!

LUANDA REPORTS NETO'S RETURN FROM VISIT TO USSR

LD211132Y Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 0600 GMT 21 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] Comrade President Agostinho Neto has been back home since yesterday afternoon following a month's private visit to the USSR.

The president of the MPLA-Labor Party and of the PRA was received in Moscow on 19 April, as we have already said, by Comrade Leonid Brezhnev, CPSU secretary general and president of the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet, for talks on strengthening bilateral relations.

In Luanda, the comrade president was received by members of the Political Bureau of the party Central Committee and of the government, including Comrades Lucio Lara, Lopo do Nascimento and Iko Carreira, his wife and other members of his family.

SEPARATE ATTACKS BY SOUTH AFRICA, ZAIRE REPORTED

LD210911Y Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 0600 GMT 21 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Text] The Defense Ministry yesterday denounced two more attacks on our country perpetrated on the one hand by South Africa, and on the other by Zaire.

Referring to the first attack, the ministry communique says that once again the South African racist troops, who illegally occupy the territory of Namibia, violated Angolan territory with the intention of supporting the criminal actions of the UNITA bands and of destabilizing the People's Republic of Angola.

The communique goes on to say that on 4 April a group of South African soldiers crossed the border near Marco Tres in Cunene Province, in the Calueque area, and prepared to attack our border guards, who were not taken by surprise and replied with vigor, liquidating three South Africans and wounding a fourth. Later on, the South Africans opened up with artillery fire from Namibian territory. This continued for some time, but with no serious consequences.

As far as the Zairian attack is concerned, the communique says that on 11 April 1978 a Zairian Mirage fighter plane violated the Angolan border by flying over Maquela Do Zombo, and dropped two bombs on the village of (Mizaputo) following up with machinegun fire. The extent of the damage is not yet known.

PLAN FOR 'BLACK SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA' DEFEATED

LD201145Y Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 0600 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Defense Ministry communique issued on 19 April]

[Text] The capitalist press has laid great stress and given spectacular treatment to military mopping-up operations carried out by our troops close to the border with the occupied territory of Namibia. This spectacular treatment in fact serves to obscure the disillusionment and irritation of the imperialist circles who control this press.

In fact, for some time now the imperialist plan was already being implemented with the launching in the international press of the establishment of a so-called government for an imaginary so-called black socialist republic of Angola, which would immediately be recognized by South Africa and certain reactionary African countries.

For such a purpose, groups of UNITA puppets were trained and equipped at South African military bases in Namibia with the participation and inclusion of European, American and Latin American mercenaries.

The theater of operations and the site chosen for the headquarters of the alleged government was to be the desert province of Cuando-Cubango. The puppet groups would be supplied from Namibia, making use of South African means, including transport and other air support.

Our Cuando-Cubango border thus began to be systematically violated, the South African enemy establishing real infiltration routes. The FAPLA, exercising their duty to defend our borders, then planned an operation to neutralize the political intentions of imperialism, to liquidate the infiltrated puppet groups and to destroy their supply routes.

Accordingly five infantry battalions and a number of aircraft, making effective and rapid use of surprise, from 28 February to 1 April carried out a mopping-up operation with the cooperation of the people of Cuando-Cubango Province, in the areas included between the rivers Luassinga, Luatuto-Cubango, Cuatir, and Cueio and the border with Namibia.

The operation, crowned with success, obtained very positive results. More than 100 puppets were shot, many prisoners taken great quantities of arms recovered and the enemy infiltration and supply routes destroyed.

The uninterrupted nature of the South African armed intervention in our country has been proved once again, as has the fact that puppets continue to be trained and armed at South African military bases. The puppet gangs which infiltrate through our southern borders come from South African bases in Namibia. The supplies which enable the puppet gangs to wreak death and havoc among the peaceful Angolan people who live near our border came from South African bases.

The Angolan people and their armed forces will accordingly continue solemnly to defend their national territory and their ability to construct socialism in the People's Republic of Angola in peace and security.

[Signed] Comrade Minister Henrique Teles Carreira, 19 April 1978.

ANGOLA TO HOST INTERNATIONAL SOLIDARITY CONFERENCE

FL201637Y Havana Domestic Service in Spanish 1627 GMT 20 Apr 78 FL

[Text] Angola this month will host an international conference aimed at strengthening solidarity with the peoples of southern Africa who are struggling against racism and colonailism. The Angolan Women's Organization, in cooperation with the Women's International Democratic Federation, will organize the conference in which women representatives from more than 20 countries are expected to participate.

The conference will be held on 29 and 30 April. Its main topic will be a discussion of southern African problems and an analysis of ways to increase the methods of support for the peoples who are struggling for liberation and consolidation of independence, democracy, progressive development and peace. It has been pointed out that the conference has become necessary because the racist regimes have intensified, with imperialist support, oppression and terror against the people of southern Africa.

MOZAMBIQUE

MACHEL RECEIVES GDR MINISTER KLAUS SIEBOLD

LD2020032Y Maputo Domestic Service in Portuguese 1900 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/EA

[Summary] President Machel received Klaus Siebold, GDR minister of coal and power at the presidential palace today.

MUGABE: NATIONALIST MAJORITY ON ZIMBABWE RULING COUNCIL

LD201053Y Stockholm DAGENS NYHETER in Swedish 17 Apr 78 p 6 LD

[Ansers Johansson 16 April Dar es Salaam interview with Patriotic Front leader Robert Mugabe: "Irritation Despite Progress"]

[Text] The British are reluctant and hesitant about exerting their power as Rhodesia's decolonizers--and instead we must continue our escalation of the armed conflict until Zimbabwe has achieved genuine independence.

That is what Zimbabwe African National Union [ZANU] leader Robert Mugabe said on Sunday as the British and American foreign ministers left Dar es Salaam for fresh negotiating attempts in Pretoria and Salisbury.

The Patriotic Front--the political alliance between the ZANU and Zimbabwe African People's Union guerrilla parties--is irritated that the British and Americans are trying to present the summit in the Tanzanian capital as a failure.

ZANU leader Robert Mugabe, whose guerrillas are making the greatest contribution to the armed struggle against the Smith regime, objected by saying that the Patriotic Front had been flexible and willing to make compromises during the Dar es Salaam negotiations. In the final communique issued on Saturday night, there was also talk of progress and "broad agreement within some important areas," whereas British Foreign Secretary David Owen and his U.S. counterpart, Cyrus Vance, claimed that the Patriotic Front's proposals implied "fundamental changes" in the Anglo-American peace plan for Rhodesia.

"'Fundamental changes' is a false description by the British in order to claim that we are no longer operating within the framework of their proposal," ZANU President Mugabe said in an interview with DAGENS NYHETER.

"They are referring to our proposal for a ruling council--a proposal which we submitted at the Malta meeting in January and whose principle was accepted by the British at that time."

The differences of opinion still concern the power which this council should have. The British adhere to the plan that their envisaged governor should have almost dictatorial powers during Rhodesia's transition to the independent state of Zimbabwe.

"But we reject this absolute power for a British governor," Mugabe said. "Our proposal is a ruling council with full legislative and executive power on all questions except defense and law and order."

Mugabe affirmed that the Patriotic Front proposed that it have eight representatives in the ruling council whereas "the other side"--the British and the present rulers in Salisbury--would have three places plus one place for British Field Marshal Lord Carver, already nominated as governor for the transitional period.

"But we have told the British that we can always negotiate this," Mugabe commented. "But we must have a majority in the council, we reject a minority role or equality with the groups within the country (Muzorewa, Sithole and Chirau)."

"The Smith regime's forces must be disarmed and our forces take their place. The victories which we have won militarily must be reflected in the political organization of the transitional period. A cease-fire can never be maintained if we do not consider that the distribution of power during the transition is correct."

In a DAGENS NYHETER interview during his visit to Sweden last year, the ZANU leader was very negative on the subject of a UN force in Rhodesia.

"In principle we still oppose UN military involvement," Robert Mugabe said, "but we have accepted the UN peacekeeping role. The United Nations could come in for special commitments when the Patriotic Front has approved the conditions. We have given way on this issue in order to contribute to progress and not to be regarded as an obstacle on the road to independence.

"We have now completed discussions on these issues," Mugabe said. "We are looking forward to a general conference to negotiate on Zimbabwe's new constitution.

"The greatest obstacle is the British reluctance to initiate the process of transferring power to the majority in Zimbabwe," Mugabe opined. "We are bound by our proposals, with which the British have expressed a certain amount of satisfaction, but they will neither approve nor reject them--they say that it depends on the negotiations with Ian Smith and his puppets in Salisbury."

RHODESIA

WHITE, BLACK MINISTERS DISAGREE ON POLICE STRUCTURE

LD201306Y Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1613 GMT 19 Apr 78 LD/CA

["Newsreel" program]

[Excerpts] [Announcer] The white minister of justice, Mr Hilary Squires, has contradicted statements made by his black counterpart that there must be changes in the structure and attitude of the police. Mr Squires stressed that there must be no political interference with the disciplined forces of the state.

[Squires--Begin recording] I wish to make it as unmistakably plain as possible that any new governmental structure will be implemented in terms of the internal agreement or not at all. It follows from this fact that any talk of restructuring the police or fundamentally altering its present makeup by means of political directives would be in flat contradiction of that agreement. The suggestion is such a gross departure from what was accepted that it should not be countenanced for a moment. Indeed, such statements should be positively dismissed for what they are, at best a complete misunderstanding of what the agreement set out to achieve, at worst an irresponsible attempt to vary its terms. Such statements on the contrary merely sharpen the resolve, if it needed any sharpening, to see that such departure cannot happen. In any event, such statements should be regarded as being of no consequence. [end recording]

Positions of command in this police force are earned by officers who take up the service as a career. It is axiomatic that in any career one starts at the bottom and works one's way to the top. I do not have to remind anyone here that that process has been open to all members of the force for some time now. If this process is compressed or truncated or otherwise abrogated, efficiency and effectiveness cannot fail to be impared more or less seriously in every instance. The internal black leaders desired and the government were determined that this would not be allowed to occur here. Hence the terms of that agreement and hence the reiteration that it will not be changed. [end recording]

SECURITY FORCES CALL FOR IDENTIFICATION OF STATE ENEMIES

LD201300Y Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1613 GMT 19 Apr 78 LD/CA

["Newsreel" program]

[Excerpt] [Announcer] The commander of combined operations, Peter Wals, says the spade-work for a safe return policy has been done. Addressing the advertising promotions club in Salisbury today, General Wals stressed that there must now be an identification of military aims and objects.

[Wals--begin recording] This government has got to identify for us who the enemy are. It's no good, the security forces can't sit back and say: Well, now there's an internal agreement. We're not sure who is progovernment and who is antigovernment, and therefore we won't react to incidents. We have got to react to incidents. We are going to continue to shoot people who appear to be enemies of the state, we are going to continue to follow up on murders, we are going to continue to impose curfews, enforce curfews where they are there to protect the lives of law-abiding citizens and to try and help us maintain law and order. So the sooner they sort it out the better. The sooner we sort out who is for the government and is against it the better it will be. We have got to identify hat our real aims are. We have got to identify who is the enemy. It's fairly clear to me. We have got to identify who we have got to go to war against. As far as I am concerned there is no doubt about the real enemy. [end recording]

Cease-Fire Will Be Honored

LD201310Y Salisbury Domestic Service in English 0500 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD/CA

[Text] The commander, combined operations, Lt Gen Peter Wals, says the security forces will do everything possible to honor a cease-fire in the terrorist war. Speaking in Salisbury yesterday, General Wals said that he and the other security force commanders are determined to honor the cease-fire now being arranged in terms of the Salisbury accord. He stressed that a cease-fire is an essential ingredient in moves being made to insure the protection and security of all Rhodesians. General Wals added that there are large numbers of terrorists who are now only too willing to return to Rhodesia.

SEYCHELLES

PRESIDENT FRANCE ALBERT RENE HOLDS PRESS CONFERENCE

DA1716567 Paris AFP in English 1629 GMT 17 Apr 78 PA

[Text] Mahe, Seychelles, April 17 (AFP)--The Seychelles Government plans to clamp down on fishing by foreign vessels in its 200-mile exclusive economic zone, and will introduce legislation to allow their confiscation, President France Albert Rene said today.

He said in a press conference that during his recent two-week voyage to the Outer Islands, seven South Korean ships were caught fishing illegally.

He also said the government was interested in opening up the coral (?island) of Aldabra to a limited number of tourists with scientific interests. An airport will be developed on a neighbouring island so that conservation is not interfered with, he said.

Aldabra, the last refuge of the indigenous giant turtles and the largest atoll in the world, is leased to the British Royal Society until 1980.

Confirming that a major priority was development of the Outer Islands (there are more than 90 in the entire (?archipelago), the president warned private island owners who [words indistinct] development, especially in housing and agriculture, that his government would move in and develop them itself.

[Words indistinct] was very satisfied with the [word indistinct] of investment in Seychelles at present. "This is the first time we are having real investment and not mere speculation," he said.

On the hosting by Seychelles of the conference of the seven progressist [as received] parties of the Indian Ocean later this month, President Rene said that non-alignment meant neither socialist nor capitalist.

Seychelles is a socialist country but is seeking its own solutions to its problems, he said. There was no special reason for the visit by a Cuban ambassador last week to establish diplomatic relations between the two countries for the first time, "though I am sure that some people would like to read something into it," he added.

Seychelles believes in non-preferential relations and maintains good relations with as many countries as possible as long as they do not interfere in our own affairs, he said.

He said the government had accepted the resignation of its charge d'affaires in Paris, Mrs Moine, as a prelude to upgrading its Paris representation to ambassadorial status. An appointment will be made soon.

The present charge d'affaires has held the post since Seychelles gained independence in June 1976.

SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG ANNOUNCES MONTH LONG MILITARY EXERCISES

LD201916Y Johannesburg International Service in English 1600 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD

[Text] More than 5,000 South African troops and officers and 1,000 vehicles are to take part in a military exercise in South Africa at theend of this month to prepare the defense force for any possible conventional attack. The exercise will take place in the Transvaal Province and in the Northern Cape Province from the 24th of this month to the 20th of next month.

DEFENSE MINISTER DISCUSSES U.S. INVOLVEMENT IN ANGOLA

PA181509Y Paris AFP in English 1454 GMT 18 Apr 78 PA

[Text] Cape Town, April 18 (AFP)--American military aircraft flew military supplies to South African-held bases inside Angola during that country's civil war, South African Defence Minister Pieter Botha told the National Assembly here today.

"South Africa entered Angola with the knowledge and approval of the United States," Mr Botha said, criticising the U.S. Government for supporting allegations at the United Nations of South African aggression during the 1975 war.

"There was a time when American aircraft offloaded arms at military positions and military bases in Angola held by South African soldiers--I was there myself and I saw how the arms were offloaded," the South African defence minister said.

Speaking during the defence budget debate, Mr Botha argued that the Angolan war had disillusioned Africa about Western leadership. "At one stage, the Organisation of African Unity was split over the issue of South African involvement, with half of the member states refusing to condemn South Africa. It was the collapse of American leadership in Angola that resulted in that half turning around and looking for another strong man," he said.

He recalled the then President Ford saying at the time that it was "disasterous" that the United States Congress had decided to end American support in Angola. "One of the reasons for this was that America had tried to 'out-Moscow' Moscow," Mr Botha said.

U.S. Role To Be Documented

LD201200Y Pretoria DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION in English 1008 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD

[Text] Cape Town--The United States Government had requested the South African defense force to distribute arms to certain black forces in Angola during the war there.

This was revealed yesterday by the minister of defense, Mr P. W. Botha. He said that the South African defense force was going to reveal the United States' participation in the Angolan war in an official war document now being prepared.

Reacting to an official denial by the American Government yesterday that it had not airlifted arms to Angola, Mr Botha said the war document would include United States participation in Angola "from A to Z." The document would be published in book form as soon as it was ready.

KRUGER DENIES S. AFRICAN POLICE OPERATING IN RHODESIA

LD201216Y Pretoria DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION Services in English 1021 GMT 20 Apr 78 LD

[Text] Cape Town--The minister of police, Jimmy Kruger, last night denied a London report that South African policemen were operating in Rhodesia.

"As far as I am concerned, it is nonsense," he said of a report in THE GUARDIAN newspaper [not further specified] claiming South African police were assisting Rhodesian security forces in the Victoria Falls area.

Asked if any South African policemen had returned to Rhodesia since they were withdrawn in 1975, he said: "Definitely not."

KAVANGO SWAPO LEADER RESIGNS IN PROTEST OF VIOLANCE

LD210902Y Johannesburg International Service in English 0300 GMT 21 Apr 78 LD

[Text] The leader of the South-West African People's Organization in Kavango in South-West African, Mr (David Osiku), has resigned from the organization, saying he can no longer go along with its objectives as he is a man of peace. Referring to the recent murder of the Ovambo leader, Chief Clemens Kapuuo, he said he rejected violance as a solution to the problems in South-west Africa [words indistinct] He was a member of SWAPO for 21 years.

ZAMBIA

SERIOUS ECONOMIC DECLINE REPORTED IN ZAMBIA

LD171202Y Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 14 Apr 78 LD/CA

[Text] The economic situation in Zambia has now grown so serious that top government and and party officials, including members of parliament, have demanded that President Kaunda reopen the border with Rhodesia. The Zambian Government has been attacked by both leading MP's and the Zambia Congress of Trades Unions. Since President Kaunda introduced socialism into Zambia 2 years ago, there has been a general decline in business and a lack of initiative and interest. In an attempt to overcome some of the economic difficulties, the government has revoked a ban it imposed on non-Zambians and foreign companies obtaining housing and building loans. This is a direct contradiction of President Kaunda' policy that the ownership of property should remain in the hands of Zambian citizens.

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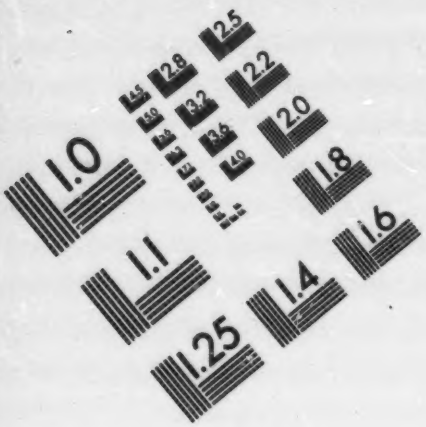

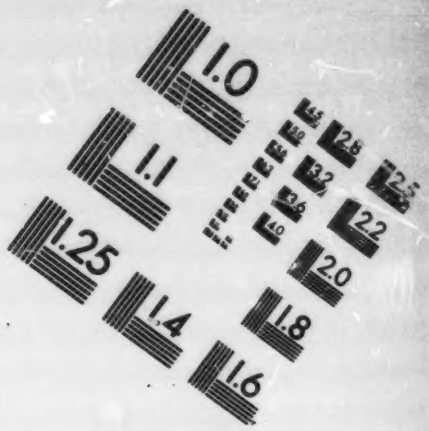

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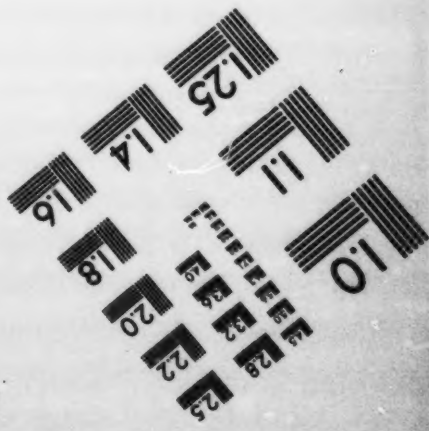

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23 WEST MAIN STREET
WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580
(716) 872-4503